

Andrew Johnson,
President of the United States of America,

To all and singular to whom these
presents shall come, greeting:

Whereas a Treaty was made
and concluded at Fort Laramie,
in the Territory of Dakota, on the
seventh day of May, in the year
of our Lord one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-eight, by and
between Lieutenant General W.
T. Sherman, Brevet Major-General
William S. Harney, Brevet Major-
General Alfred S. Terry, Brevet
Major-General C. C. Augur, John
B. Sanborn, and S. F. Tappan,
Commissioners, on the part of
the United States, and Che-Ra-Pee-
Ish-Ka-Te, Chat-Sla-Hee,
and other Chiefs and Headmen
of the Crow tribe of Indians, on
the part of said Indians, and

duly authorized thereto by them,
which Treaty is in the words
and figures following. To
wit:

~~3H~~

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~~Draft of a
Treaty with the
"Crow Indians"
of Montana.~~

~~made the seventh
day of May 1868.
at Fort Laramie.~~

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Articles of a treaty made and concluded at
Fort Laramie, Dakota Territory, on the seventh
day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand eight
hundred and sixty eight, by and between the undersigned
Commissioner on the part of the United States, and the undersigned
chiefs and headmen of, and representing, the Crow
Indians; they being duly authorized to act in the
premises.

Article 1. From this day forward peace
between the parties to this treaty shall forever continue.
The Government of the United States desires peace and
its honor is hereby pledged to keep it. The Indians
desire peace and they hereby pledge their honor to
maintain it. If bad men among the whites or
among other people subject to the authority of the
United States shall commit any wrong upon the person
or property of the Indians, the United States will,
upon proof, made to the Agent and forwarded to
the Commissioner of Indian Affairs at Washington
City, proceed at once to cause the offender to be
arrested and punished according to the laws of the
United States and also reimburse the injured person
for the loss sustained;

If bad men among the Indians shall
commit a wrong or depredation upon the person or
property of any one, white, black or Indian, subject
to the authority of the United States and at peace

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therewith, the Indians herein named solemnly agree that they will on proof made to their Agent and notice by him, deliver up the wrong doer to the United States, to be tried and punished according to its laws, and in case they refuse willingly so to do, the person injured shall be reimbursed for his loss from the annuities or other moneys due or to become due to them under this or other treaties made with the United States. And the President, on advising with the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, shall prescribe such rules and regulations for ascertaining damages under the provisions of this Article, as in his judgment may be proper. But no such damages shall be adjusted and paid until thoroughly examined and passed upon by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and no one sustaining loss while violating, or because of his violating, the provisions of this treaty or the laws of the United States shall be reimbursed therefor.

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Article 11 The United States agrees
that the following district of Country to wit:
commencing where the 107° degree of Longitude west
of Greenwich crosses the South Boundary of Montana
Territory, thence North along said 107° Meridian to
the mid Channel of the Yellow Stone River. Thence
up said mid channel of the Yellow Stone to the
point where it crosses the said Southern boundary
of Montana being the 45° degree of North Latitude
and thence east along said parallel of Latitude to the
place of beginning, shall be and the same is set
apart for the absolute and undisturbed use and occu-
pation of the Indians herein named, and for such other
friendly tribes or individual Indians, as from time to time
they may be willing - with the consent of the United States -
to admit amongst them, and the United States now
solemnly agrees that no persons, except those herein
designated and authorized so to do, and except
such officers, agents and employees of the govern-
ment as may be authorized to enter upon Indian
reservations in discharge of duties enjoined by law
shall ever be permitted to pass over, settle upon or
reside in the territory described in this article for the
use of said Indians, and henceforth, they will and
do hereby relinquish all title, claims or rights in and
to any portion of the territory of the United States,
except such as is embraced within the limits aforesaid.

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Article III. The United States agrees at its own proper expense to construct on the South side of the Yellow Stone near Owl Creek, a warehouse or storeroom for the use of the Agent in storing goods belonging to the Indians, to cost not exceeding twenty five hundred dollars; an Agency building for the use of the Agent, to cost not exceeding three thousand dollars; a residence for the physician to cost not more than three thousand dollars; and five other buildings, for a Carpenter, Tinner, Blacksmith, Miller and Engineer, each to cost not exceeding two thousand dollars; Also a school house or Mission building, so soon as a sufficient number of children can be induced by the Agent to attend school, which shall not cost exceeding twenty five hundred dollars.

The United States agrees further to cause to be erected on said reservation, near the other buildings herein authorized, a good Steam Circular Saw Mill, with a Grist Mill and Shingle Machine attached, the same to cost not exceeding Eight thousand dollars.

Weaver July 10th

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Article IV. The Indians herein named agree, when the Agency house and other buildings, shall be constructed on the reservation named, they will make said reservation their permanent home, and they will make no permanent settlement elsewhere, but they shall have the right to hunt on the unoccupied lands of the United States, so long as game may be found thereon and as long as peace subsists among the Whites and Indians on the borders of the hunting districts.

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Article V. The United States agrees
that the Agent for said Indians, shall in the
future, make his home at the Agency building;
that he shall reside among them, and keep an
office open at all times, for the purpose of prompt
and diligent Enquiry into such matters of complaint
by and against the Indians, as may be presented
for investigation under the provisions of this treaty
Stipulations, as also for the faithful discharge
of other duties enjoined on him by law. In all
cases of depredation on person or property, he shall
cause the Evidence to be taken in writing and
forwarded, together with his finding, to the Comis-
sioner of Indian Affairs, whose decision, shall be
binding on the parties to this treaty.

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Article VI If any individual belonging to said tribes of Indians, or legally incorporated with them, being the head of a family, shall desire to commence farming, he shall have the privilege to select, in the presence and with the assistance of the Agent then in charge, a tract of land within said reservation, not exceeding one hundred and twenty acres in extent, which tract, when so selected, certified and recorded in the "Land Book" as herein directed, shall cease to be held in common, but the same may be occupied and held in the exclusive possession of the person selecting it, and of his family, so long as he or they may continue to cultivate it.

Any person over eighteen years of age, not being the head of a family, may in like manner, select and cause to be certified to him or her, for purposes of cultivation, a quantity of land not exceeding eighty acres in extent, and thereupon, be entitled to the exclusive possession of the same as above directed.

For each tract of land so selected, a certificate, containing a description thereof and the name of the person selecting it, with a certificate endorsed theron, that the same has been recorded shall be delivered to the party

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Entitled to it by the Agent, after the same shall have been recorded by him, in a book to be kept in his office, subject to inspection, which said book shall be known as the "Crow Land Book."

The President may, at any time, order a survey of the reservation, and, when so surveyed, Congress shall provide for protecting the rights of settlers in their improvements, and may fix the character of the title held by each. The United States may pass such laws on the subject of alienation and descent of property, as between Indians and on all subjects connected with the government of the Indians on said reservations, and the internal police thereof, as may be thought proper.

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Article VII. In order to insure
the civilization of the tribe entering into this
treaty, the necessity of education is admitted,
Especially by such of them as are or may be
settled on said agricultural reservation, and
they, therefore, pledge themselves to compel their
children, male and female, between the ages of
six and sixteen years, to attend school, and it
is hereby made the duty of the Agent for said
Indians, to see that this stipulation is strictly
complied with; and the United States agrees
that for every thirty children, between said ages,
who can be induced or compelled to attend
school, a house shall be provided, and a
teacher, competent to teach the elementary
branches of an English education, shall be
furnished, who will reside among said Indians,
and faithfully discharge his or her duties as a
teacher. The provisions of this article to
continue for twenty years.

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Article VIII. When the head of a family or lodge, shall have selected lands, and received his certificate as above directed, and the Agent shall be satisfied that he intends in good faith to commence cultivating the soil for a living, he shall be entitled to receive seeds and agricultural implements, for the first year in value one hundred dollars, and for each succeeding year he shall continue to farm for a period of three years more, he shall be entitled to receive seeds and implements as aforesaid in value, twenty five dollars per annum.

And it is further stipulated, that such persons as commence farming, shall receive instructions from the farmer herein provided for, and whenever more than one hundred acres shall enter upon the cultivation of the soil, a second blacksmith shall be provided, with such iron, steel, and other material as may be required.

W. D. L. June 10

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Article IX. In lieu of all sums of money or other annuities provided to be paid to the Indians herein named, under any and all treaties heretofore made with them, the United States agrees to deliver at the Agency House, on the reservation herein provided for, on the first day of September of each year, for thirty years, the following articles, to wit:

For each male person, over fourteen years of age, a suit of good substantial woolen clothing, consisting of coat, hat, pantaloons, flannel shirt and a pair of woolen socks.

For each female, over twelve years of age, a flannel skirt, or the goods necessary to make it; a pair of woolen hose, twelve yards of calico and twelve yards of cotton domestics.

For the boys and girls under the ages named, such flannel and cotton goods, as may be needed to make each, a suit as aforesaid, together with a pair of woolen hose for each.

And, in order that the Commissioner of Indian Affairs may be able to estimate properly for the articles herein named, it shall be the duty of the Agent, each year, to forward to him a full and exact census of the Indians, in which the Estimate from year

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to year can be based

And, in addition to the Clothing herein named, the sum of ten dollars shall be annually appropriated for each Indian coming and twenty dollars for each Indian engaged in Agriculture for a period of ten years to be used by the Secretary of the Interior, in the purchase of such articles as, from time to time, the Condition and necessities of the Indians may indicate to be proper. And if, at any time, within the ten years, it shall appear that the amount of money needed for Clothing, under this article, can be appropriated to other uses for the time herein named, Congress may by law, change the appropriation to other purposes, but, in no case, shall the amount of this appropriation be withdrawn or discontinued for the period named: and the President shall, annually, detail an officer of the Army to be present and attest the delivery of all the goods, herein named, to the Indians, and he shall inspect and report on the quantity and quality of the goods and the manner of their delivery, and it is expressly stipulated that each Indian over the age of four years, who shall have removed to and settled permanently upon said Reservation and complies with the stipulations of this treaty shall be entitled to receive from the United

States for the period of four years after he shall have settled upon said reservation, one pound of meat and one pound of flour per day, provided the Indians cannot furnish their own subsistence at an earlier date. And it is further stipulated that the United States will furnish and deliver to each lodge of Indians or family of persons legally incorporated with them, who shall remove to the reservation, herein described and commence farming one good American Cow and one good well broken pair of American Oxen within sixty days after such lodge or family shall have so settled upon said reservation.

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Article X The United States
covenant agrees to furnish annually to the Indians,
the physician, Tracker, Carpenter, Miller,
Cinimer, Farmer and Blacksmiths as herein
Contemplated, and that such appropriations
shall be made from time to time, on the
Estimates of the Secretary of the Interior,
as will be sufficient to employ such persons

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Article XI. No treaty for the cession
of any portion of the reservation herein described, which
may be held in common, shall be of any force or
validity as against the said Indians unless executed
and signed by, at least, a majority of all the adult
male Indians occupying or interested in the same,
and no cession by the tribe shall be understood or
construed in such manner as to deprive without
his consent any individual member of the tribe
of his right to any tract of land selected by him as
provided in Article VI of this treaty.

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Article XVII. It is agreed that the sum of Five hundred dollars annually, for three years from the date when they commence to cultivate a farm, shall be expended in presents to the ten persons of said tribe who, in the judgment of the Agent, may grow the most valuable crops for the respective year

W. T. Sherman
Lt. Genl.
Genl. Harney
Brst. Maj. Genl. & Gen. Comdg.
Adj't. Genl.
Brst. Maj. Genl.
Lt. Col. Augur.
John B. Sanborn.
J. F. Tappan

Ashley J. H. White
Secretary

Crows

Che - ra - Pe - dsh - ka - te	^{his} Pretty Bull	(seal)
Chat - Sta - Ne	^{mark} Wolf Brow	(seal)
Ah - Be - Che - Te	^{his} Mountain Tail	(seal)
Kam - Ne - But - Sa	^{mark} Black Foot	(seal)
De - Sal - ze - Cho - te	^{his} White Horse	(seal)
Chin - Ka - Sh - Arache,	^{his} Poor Elk	(seal)
E - Sa - Woors,	^{mark} Shot in the jaw	(seal)
E - Sha - Chase,	^{mark} White forehead	(seal)
Roo - Ka	^{mark} Promised meat	(seal)
De - ka - Ke - Up - Se	^{his} Bird in the neck	(seal)
Me - nia - che,	^{his} The Swan	(seal)
	^{mark}	

Attest:

Dodge B. Willis, Photographer
 Jno. D. Holbrook
 Alex Gardner
 David Knott
 Chas Freeman
 Jas O'Connor

And whereas, the said Treaty
having been submitted to the
Senate of the United States for
its constitutional action thereon,
the Senate did, on the twenty-
fifth day of July, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-eight,
advise and consent to the
ratification of the same, by
a resolution in the words and
figures following, to wit:

Perry-Jul,
M. Jeff.

In Executive Session,
Senate of the United States,
July 25, 1868.

Resolved, (two thirds of the Senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the Treaty between the United States and the Crow Indians of Montana Territory, made the seventh day of May, 1868.

Attest:

Geo. L. Gorham
Secretary.
by Wm. McDonald
Chief Clerk

Now, therefore, be it known
that I, Andrew Johnson, President
of the United States of America,
do, in pursuance of the advice
and consent of the Senate, as
expressed in its resolution of the
twenty-fifth of July, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-eight,
accept, ratify, and confirm the
said Treaty.

In testimony whereof I
have hereto signed my name, and
caused the seal of the United States
to be affixed.

Done at the City of
Washington this twelfth
day of August, in the
Year of our Lord one
thousand eight hundred
and sixty-eight, and of the
Independence of the
United States of America
the ninety-third.

Andrew Johnson

By the President:

W. H. Seward.
acting Secretary of State.